

PART OBSOLETE – USE <u>AP3602A</u>



AP3602B

### **100mA REGULATED CHARGE PUMP**

## Description

The AP3602B is a regulated step-up DC/DC converter based on charge-pump technique. The chip has the ability to supply 100mA constant output current or 250mA peak output current for 100ms from 2.7V to 4.5V input, so it can be used as white LEDs driver or flash LED driver.

The AP3602B has very-low power dissipation and high efficiency in typical applications. Other features include overtemperature protection and low-temperature coefficient to meet special requirements of hand-held battery-powered devices.

Only three external capacitors are required in applications, which help save space and lower cost. The chip also has a disable terminal to turn on or turn off the chip to ease the use.

The AP3602B is available in SOT26 (Type CJ) package.

## Applications

- Mobile Phone Backlight Driver
- Camera Flash LED Driver
- MP3, MP4
- Handheld Device
- Portable Communication Device

### Pin Assignments



### Features

- Low-Quiescent Current: 13µA Typical
- Regulated Output Voltage Precision: 4%
- High Output Current:
  - 100mA when V<sub>IN</sub> ≥ 3.0V
  - 50mA when  $V_{IN} \ge 2.7V$
  - High Frequency: up to 1.2MHz
  - Low Shutdown Supply Current: <1µA
  - High-Output Peak Current: 250mA for 100ms
  - Overtemperature Protection
  - Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C
  - Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
  - Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)

Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant. 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and
  - Lead-free.
  - 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

# **Typical Applications Circuit**





# **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Package Name	Function	
1	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Regulated Output Voltage. $V_{OUT}$ should be bypassed with a 1µF to 22µF low ESR ceramic capacitor, which is placed as close to the pin as possible for best performance	
2	GND	Ground. GND should be tied to a ground plane for best performance. The $C_{OUT}$ and $C_{IN}$ should be placed as close to this pin as possible	
3	SHDN	Active Low Shutdown Input. A low signal on SHDN disables the AP3602B, while a high signal enables the AP3602B. SHDN pin must not be allowed to float	
4	C	Flying Capacitor Negative Terminal. The flying capacitor should be placed as close to this pin as possible	
5	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Supply Voltage. $V_{IN}$ should be bypassed with a 1µF to 22µF low ESR ceramic capacit which is placed as close to the pin as possible for best performance	
6	C⁺	Flying Capacitor Positive Terminal. The flying capacitor should be placed as close to this pin as possible	



# **Functional Block Diagram**



# Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	7	V
Vo	Output Voltage	7	V
VSHDN	SHDN Pin Voltage	7	V
θ」Α	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient, no Heat sink)	300	°C/W
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature	+150	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
T <sub>LEAD</sub>	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	+260	°C
-	ESD (Human Body Model)	2000	V

Note
4. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Ratings" for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Мах	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	2.7	4.5	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature	-40	+85	С°



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 4.5V	2.7	_	Vo	V	
ΙQ	Quiescent Current	$V_{IN}$ = 2.7V to 4.5V, $I_O$ = 0mA, $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = V <sub>IN</sub> , Not Switching		13	30	μA	
	Output Voltage	$2.7V < V_{IN} < 4.5V, I_O < 50mA$	4.32	4.5	4.68	v	
Vo		$3.0V < V_{IN} < 4.5V, I_O < 100mA$	4.32	4.5	4.68		
	Shutdown Supply Current	$2.7V < V_{IN} < 3.6V, I_O = 0, V_{\overline{SHDN}} = 0V$	-	0.01	1		
ISHDN		$3.6V < V_{IN} < 4.5V, I_O = 0, V_{\overline{SHDN}} = 0V$		-	2.5	μA	
	Ripple Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V, I <sub>O</sub> = 50mA		25	-		
VRIPPLE		V <sub>IN</sub> = 3V, I <sub>O</sub> = 100mA	_	30	-	mV <sub>PP</sub>	
η	Efficiency	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V, I <sub>O</sub> = 50mA	_	83	_	%	
fosc	Frequency	Oscillator free running		1.2	_	MHz	
ViH	SHDN Input Threshold High	_	1.4	_	_		
VIL	SHDN Input Threshold Low	-	-	_	0.3	V	
IIH	SHDN Input Current High	V <sub>SHDN</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub>	-1	_	1		
IIL	SHDN Input Current Low	V <sub>SHDN</sub> = 0V	-1	_	1	μA	
t <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> Turn-on Time	$V_{IN} = 3V, I_O = 0mA$	_	0.2	_	ms	
Isc	Short-Circuit Current	$V_{IN} = 3V, V_O = GND, V_{SHDN} = 3V$	_	300	_	mA	







### **Application Information**

### **Operating Principles**

The AP3602B uses a switched-capacitor charge pump to boost the input voltage to a regulated output voltage. Regulation is achieved by sensing the chip-output voltage through an internal resistor-divider network. Controlled by an internal comparator (refer to the functional block diagram), the charge-pump circuit is enabled when the divided output voltage is below a preset trip point.

The charge pump operates at 1.2MHz with 50% duty cycle. Conversion consists of a two-phase operation. In the first phase, switches S2 and S3 are opened, and S1 and S4 are closed. During this time,  $C_{FLY}$  charges to the voltage on  $V_{IN}$  and load current is supplied by  $C_{OUT}$ . During the second phase, S2 and S3 are closed, and S1 and S4 are opened. This action connects  $C_{FLY}$  low side to  $V_{IN}$  and  $C_{FLY}$  high side to  $V_{OUT}$  then a voltage about 2 ×  $V_{IN}$  is used to charge  $C_{OUT}$  and supply the load current. For each cycle, charge is transported from  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  to maintain the output voltage in its nominal value.

This process breaks when the  $V_{OUT}$  is high enough for the reason of higher input voltage or lower load then the divided voltage at the control comparator exceeds the internal trip point high level, which compels the charge pump circuit enter to the idle mode in which the switching cycle stops (pulse skipping), and the output voltage is continually decreased because it is maintained by the discharging of  $C_{OUT}$  only. In idle mode, the feedback circuit continues sensing  $V_{OUT}$ . If the divided voltage at the control comparator drops below the preset trip point, the comparator starts the switching cycle again.

In idle mode, the AP3602B's quiescent current is about 13 $\mu$ A. In shutdown mode, all internal circuitry is turned off and the AP3602B draws only leakage current from V<sub>IN</sub>, which is less than 1 $\mu$ A. So, the shutdown power loss for AP3602B is very low, which is beneficial to the battery supplied systems.

### Short-Circuit and Thermal Protection

The AP3602B has a thermal protection and shutdown circuit that continuously monitors the IC junction temperature.

When output short circuit occurs, the short circuit current is about 300mA (Typical). Under this condition, the  $I_{IN}$  is about 2 × lout, which causes about 1.8W instant power dissipation on AP3602B that causes a rise in the internal IC junction temperature. If the thermal protection circuit senses the junction temperature exceeding approximately +160°C, the thermal shutdown circuit disables the charge pump switching circuit. The thermal hysteresis is about +10°C, which means that the charge pump circuit can be active when the short circuit is removed, and the junction temperature drops below +150°C.

The thermal shutdown protection will cycle on and off if an output short circuit condition persists. This allows the AP3602B to operate on a shortcircuit condition without latch up or damage to the device.



# **Performance Characteristics** (Unless otherwise noted, V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.0V, C<sub>IN</sub> = C<sub>OUT</sub> = 10µF, C<sub>FLY</sub> = 1µF Ceramic Cap, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C)

Output Voltage vs. Output Current

Efficiency vs. Input Voltage





# Performance Characteristics (cont.) (Unless otherwise noted, V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.0V, C<sub>IN</sub> = C<sub>OUT</sub> = 10µF, C<sub>FLY</sub> = 1µF Ceramic Cap,

 $T_A = +25^{\circ}C)$ 





**Performance Characteristics** (cont.) (Unless otherwise noted,  $V_{IN} = 3.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F,  $C_{FLY} = 1\mu$ F Ceramic Cap,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C)

**OBSOLETE – PART DISCONTINUED** 



### **Oscillator Frequency vs. Supply Voltage**



# (vi) the second second

Supply Current vs. SHDN Voltage

# Normalized Output Voltage vs. Temperature

SHDN Voltage (V)



VIL vs. VIN



# 2020



# **Ordering Information**





# Package Outline Dimensions (All dimensions in mm(inch).)

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



SOT26 (Type CJ)

### SOT26 (Type CJ)

### **Suggested Pad Layout**

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	0.95
C1	1.90
C2	2.40
Х	0.60
Y	1.00



### IMPORTANT NOTICE

DIODES INCORPORATED MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARDS TO THIS D°CUMENT, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY JURISDICTION).

Diodes Incorporated and its subsidiaries reserve the right to make modifications, enhancements, improvements, corrections or other changes without further notice to this document and any product described herein. Diodes Incorporated does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of this document or any product described herein; neither does Diodes Incorporated convey any license under its patent or trademark rights, nor the rights of others. Any Customer or user of this document or products described herein in such applications shall assume all risks of such use and will agree to hold Diodes Incorporated and all the companies whose products are represented on Diodes Incorporated website, harmless against all damages.

Diodes Incorporated does not warrant or accept any liability whatsoever in respect of any products purchased through unauthorized sales channel. Should Customers purchase or use Diodes Incorporated products for any unintended or unauthorized application, Customers shall indemnify and hold Diodes Incorporated and its representatives harmless against all claims, damages, expenses, and attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized application.

Products described herein may be covered by one or more United States, international or foreign patents pending. Product names and markings noted herein may also be covered by one or more United States, international or foreign trademarks.

This document is written in English but may be translated into multiple languages for reference. Only the English version of this document is the final and determinative format released by Diodes Incorporated.

### LIFE SUPPORT

Diodes Incorporated products are specifically not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of the Chief Executive Officer of Diodes Incorporated. As used herein:

- A. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which:
  - 1. are intended to implant into the body, or
  - 2. support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
- B. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

Customers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their life support devices or systems, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of Diodes Incorporated products in such safety-critical, life support devices or systems, notwithstanding any devices- or systems-related information or support that may be provided by Diodes Incorporated. Further, Customers must fully indemnify Diodes Incorporated and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of Diodes Incorporated products in such safety-critical, life support devices or systems.

Copyright © 2019, Diodes Incorporated

www.diodes.com